1. During the 17th & 18th centuries thousands of Europeans crossed the oceans in search of what?
   a. __Fortune__ __adventure__ __or__ __religious__ __freedom__

2. European expansion was renewed in the nineteenth century because industrialized nations sought new territories as sources of __raw__ __materials__ and as __markets____ for their __goods__.

3. __Nationalistic__ __pride__ prompted other countries to seek to build overseas empires.

4. European expansion was renewed in the nineteenth century because industrialized nations sought new territories as sources of raw materials and as markets for their goods.

5. Which land acquisition doubled the size of the United States?
   a. **The 1803 Louisiana Purchase**

6. What kept the US from being totally isolated from world affairs?
   a. **Expansion of foreign trade and investments by American merchants and businessman**
7. Who did Spain mistreat that resulted in the Spanish-American War?
   a. Cuba

8. Due to European threats to intervene in Latin America what was added to the Monroe Doctrine?
   a. Roosevelt Corollary

9. During the nineteenth century, British colonies were granted what right which later allowed independence without widespread revolt?
   a. Self-government

10. Who were Australia's original settlers?
    a. Convicts

11. Who were the first Europeans to settle South Africa?
    a. Dutch

12. What caused thousands of miners to pour into South Africa?
    a. The discovery of gold and diamonds

13. Who was the man led an army over the Andes Mountains to free Chile and Peru from the Spanish?
    a. Jose de San Martin

14. Who declared Brazil independent and became its emperor?
15. Name three problems Latin American nations faced.
   a) __political disunity__
   b) __economic weakness__
   c) __racial disunity__

16. In what country did the battle of Plassey help ensure British dominance?
   a. __India__

17. What were the wars between China and Great Britain fought over?
   a. __The smuggling of opium__

18. What does the term extraterritoriality refer to?
   a. __The trials of Westerners who committed a crime in a foreign country going to court in their own country__

19. Why did the Boxer Rebellion occur?
   a. __Because the Chinese wanted to eliminate Western influence__

20. Which American opened Japan's doors to trade with the United States?
   a. __Commander Matthew Perry__

21. Which treaty was the first treaty Japan ever signed with a Western nation?
   a. __Treaty of Kanagawa__
22. What is the significance of the Meiji Period?
   a. Japan resisted Western imperialism

23. What was the most positive result of imperialism?
   a. Missionary outreach

24. The mysterious explosion of what ship precipitated the Spanish-American War?
   a. USS Maine

25. Who was the "liberator" who led the struggle for freedom in the northern portion of South America?
   a. Simon Bolivar

26. Who was the pioneer missionary to China?
   a. J. Hudson Taylor

27. Who was the missionary-explorer who spent his life among the Africans?
   a. David Livingstone

28. What is the term used for Dutch farmers?
   a. Boers
29. What is the term used to describe Spaniards born in Spain who represented the king in Latin America?
   a. **Peninsulares**

30. What is the term used to describe Spaniards born in the New World?
    a. **Criollos**

31. What is the term used to describe ambitious military leaders in Latin America who overthrew governments and ruled to their own advantage?
    a. **Caudillos**

32. What is the term used to describe soldiers from India?
    a. **Sepoys**

33. Who purchased the Louisiana Territory from Napoleon for the United States?
    a. **Thomas Jefferson**

34. Who was US president who stated that Europe could NOT colonize any more in North and South America?
    a. **James Monroe**

35. Who was the US president who refused European interventions in Latin America for any reason; only the US was allowed to intervene?
a. Theodore Roosevelt